

# Mucormycosis 8예의 임상적 고찰

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## Clinical Analysis of Eight Cases of Mucormycosis

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### -ABSTRACT-

**Background and objectives** : Invasive fungal sinusitis can present as either an indolent or fulminant process that primarily affects immunocompromised individuals. Rhinocerebral mucormycosis with intracranial involvement has a high mortality. **Materials and Method** : Clinical characteristics of eight cases of mucormycosis in patients were analyzed retrospectively and previous reports in the literature were reviewed. **Results** : We treated the patients with correction of underlying disease, wide local excision, debridement of all involved and devitalized oral, nasal, sinus, and orbital tissue and intravenous amphotericin B. Three patients survived and five patients died. **Conclusion** : Mainstays of treatment include antifungal agents and radical resection of necrotic tissue. Reversal of the underlying medical condition, when possible, is a critical part of the management. The favorable outcome was attributable to early diagnosis and management of focal areas of mucormycosis. (J Clinical Otolaryngol 2004;15:134-138)

**KEY WORDS** : Mucormycosis · Sinusitis.

### 서론

48%<sup>1)</sup>

1885 Paltauf가

,<sup>2)</sup> 1943 Gregory

,<sup>3)</sup>

(Mucormycosis), (Aspergillus)

가 ,

가 가 가

1987<sup>4)</sup>

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<sup>5)6)</sup>

<sup>7)8)</sup>

: Mucormycosis 8

가 2 , . 3, 4,  
8 가 1 .  
5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 12  
7  
(Fig. 1), 1

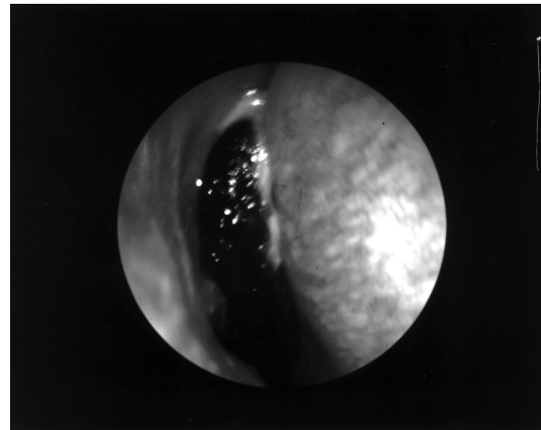
**대상 및 방법**

1994 9 2003 8  
177 mg/ml 806 mg/ml  
418 mg/ml , 1 77 mg/  
8 ml . 8.6 g/dl 14.5 g/dl  
가 4 , 12.1 g/dl , 24.3% 41.9%  
가 4 , 41 65 가 4 , 53.2 35.0% , 99000(/ul)  
(Table 1). , 464000(/ul) 230000(/ul) .  
, , , , , (absolute neutrophil count) 8020(/ul)  
, , , , , 15900(/ul) 12100(/ul) .

3 20 .

**결 과**

7 가 , 1  
8  
가 7 , 가  
가 6 , 가 가 4 ,  
2 가



**Fig. 1.** Telescopic finding of the middle turbinate. Dark, necrotic mucosa was noted.

**Table 1.** Clinical characteristics of each patient

	Sex/Age	Underlying Condition	Surgery	Amphotericin B	Result
1	F/58	DM	ESS	2.9 g	NED
2	M/57	DM	ESS	180 mg	Death
3	M/51	DM	ESS Orbit excenteration	3 g	NED
4	F/41	ALL, CTx	Maxillectomy	3 g	NED
5	M/65	DM	Biopsy	Not used	Death
6	M/53	DM	Maxillectomy Orbit excenteration	2.6 g	Death
7	F/46	DM	ESS	3 g	Death
8	F/55	DM	ESS, C-L	3 g	Death

DM : Diabetes mellitus, NED : No evidence of disease, ALL : Acute lymphocytic lymphoma, CTx : Chemotherapy, ESS : Endoscopic sinus surgery, C-L : Caldwell-Luc surgery

5, 5, 가 2  
 5, 1, 가 3 (Fig. 3),  
 가 1  
 7  
 (Table 1). 1

고 찰

(Fig. 4).  
 1 7  
 Amphotericin B가 180 mg  
 3 g 2.6 g  
 8 3, 5

가  
 가  
 (internal elastic  
 la-mina)  
 (rhinocerebral mucormycosis).<sup>8)</sup>

가 가

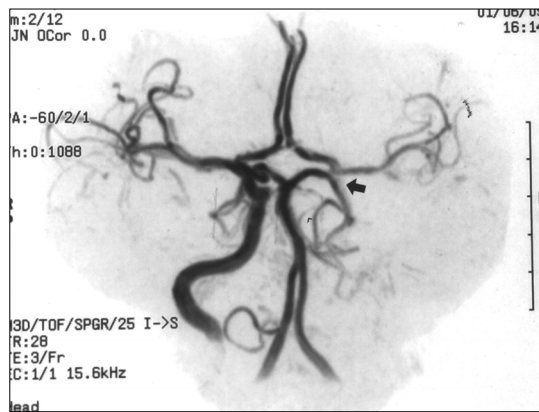


Fig. 3. Brain Angiography (AP view). Cerebral angiography demonstrating complete occlusion of the left carotid artery.

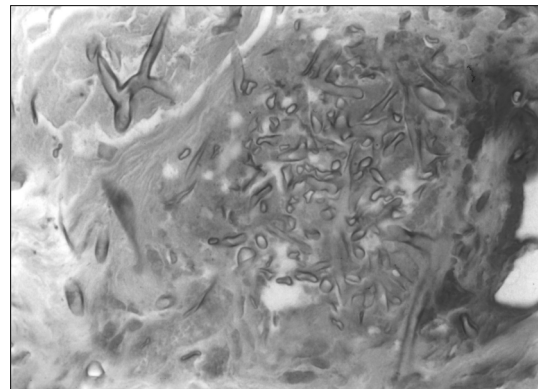


Fig. 4. Biopsy specimen of nasal cavity mucosa. Broad, non-septated hyphae was noted (H & E, x200).

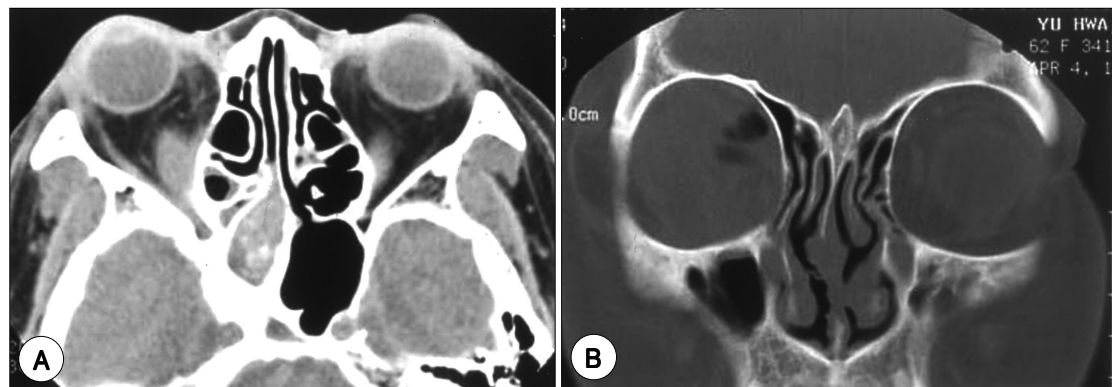


Fig. 2. Axial image (A) and coronal image (B) of a patient. PNS CT shows soft tissue densities in right sphenoid and posterior ethmoid sinuses with ipsilateral intraorbital extension.

: Mucormycosis 8

가 , AIDS, 가 6 가 .

가 , 1 1

1

7 , ,

가 1 .

2

1 1 .

<sup>10)</sup> 8 가 , Blitzer <sup>12)</sup>

7 7 .

Langford <sup>13)</sup>

Gillepsie <sup>11)</sup> 가 가

가 Kohn <sup>14)</sup> Amphotericin B

case 7 가

<sup>14)</sup> Amphotericin B  
liposomal amphotericin B가  
amphotericin B  
<sup>15)</sup> Liposomal amphotericin B  
(liposomal formu-  
lation) AmBison<sup>®</sup> (amphotericin B, hydrogenate soy  
phosphatidylcholine, cholesterol and dimyristoyl pho-  
sphatidylglycerol) .

가 15 가

<sup>11)</sup> 가 (Reticulo-  
endothelial system(RES)) 가 가

(non - RES tissue)

<sup>10)</sup> , 가 <sup>16)</sup> Am-  
photericin B가 , 180 mg 3 g

가 가 2.6 mg . 1 180 mg

가 2.6 g .

가 Caldwell - Luc 가

7 가 , GCS - F(Granulocyte Colony - Stimulating Fac-

tor)  
 가  
 가 9)  
 가  
 50~80% 17)  
 8 5 가 62.5%  
 , , , 18)  
 7  
 500 mg/ml  
 3 가 3  
 가  
 가  
 가 가

중심 단어 :

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